

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

5 1. Phase/frequency-locked loop (1) having a
phase/frequency comparator (8) and a frequency-generating
oscillator (10), the phase/frequency comparator (8) having
two edge-triggered storage devices (13, 14) which are
respectively set by an edge of a reference-frequency signal
10 (4), whose frequency may be divided if required, for the
phase/frequency locked loop (1), and by an edge of an
output-frequency signal (6), whose frequency may be divided
if required, from the phase/frequency locked loop (1), and
which are each reset by an output signal (16) from a
15 resetting logic unit (15) to whose inputs are supplied the
output signals (9A, 9B) from the two edge-triggered storage
devices (13, 14), characterised in that the output signal
(16) from the resetting logic unit (15) is only activated
when both the output signals (9A, 9B) from the two edge-
20 triggered storage devices (13, 14) have been activated, and
is only de-activated when both the output signals (9A, 9B)
from the two edge-triggered storage devices (13, 14) have
been deactivated, and in that the resetting logic unit (15)
is implemented by means of an asynchronous level-triggered
25 RS storage device (17) of inverse logic, the resetting
input of the asynchronous level-triggered RS storage device
(17) having the output signal (20) from an OR gate (21)
supplied to it, and in that the two edge-triggered storage
devices (13, 14) each have only an output of non-inverted
30 logic.

2. Phase/frequency-locked loop according to 1,
characterised in that the output (Q) of the edge-triggered
storage device (13), to whose input (Clk) the reference-
35 frequency signal (3), whose frequency may be divided if

required, is applied is fed to the frequency-generating oscillator (10) to increase the frequency of the output-frequency signal (6), and the output (Q) of the edge-triggered storage device (14), to whose input (Clk) the
5 output-frequency signal (6), whose frequency may be divided if required, is applied is fed to the frequency-generating oscillator (10) to reduce the frequency of the output-frequency signal (6).

10 3. Phase/frequency-locked loop according to claim 1 and 2, characterised in that the signals (9A, 9B) at the outputs (Q) of the two edge-triggered storage devices (13, 14) are connected to the frequency-generating oscillator (10) via an interposed loop filter (11) for stabilising the
15 phase-frequency-locked loop (1).

4. Phase/frequency-locked loop according to one of claims 1 to 3, characterised in that the frequency of the reference-frequency signal (2) to the phase/frequency-
20 locked loop (1) is reduced by a factor N by means of a frequency divider (2), upstream of the input (Clk) of the phase/frequency comparator (8).

5. Phase/frequency-locked loop according to one of
25 claims 1 to 4, characterised in that the frequency of the output-frequency signal (6) from the phase/frequency-locked loop (1) is reduced by a factor M by means of a frequency divider (5), upstream of the input (Clk) of the phase/frequency comparator (8).

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6. Phase/frequency comparator (8) for a
phase/frequency-locked loop (1), having two edge-triggered storage devices (13, 14) which are respectively set by an edge of a reference-frequency signal (3), which may be
35 divided if required, for the phase/frequency-locked loop

(1), and by an edge of an output-frequency signal (6), which may be divided if required, from the phase/frequency-locked loop (1), and which are each reset by an output signal (16) from a resetting logic unit (15) to whose
5 inputs are supplied the output signals (9A, 9B) from the two edge-triggered storage devices (13, 14), characterised in that the output signal (16) from the resetting logic unit (15) is only activated when both the output signals (9A, 9B) from the two edge-triggered storage devices (13,
10 14) have been activated, and is only de-activated when both the output signals (9A, 9B) from the two edge-triggered storage devices (13, 14) have been de-activated, and in that the resetting logic unit (15) is implemented by means of an asynchronous level-triggered RS storage device (17)
15 of inverse logic, the resetting input of the asynchronous level-triggered RS storage device (17) having the output signal (20) from an OR gate (21) supplied to it, and in that the two edge-triggered storage devices (13, 14) each have only an output of non-inverted logic.